

## 7.4 Solving Problems with Quad. Equations

Ex: Determine two numbers whose sum is 17 and whose product is 72.

Solution: Let  $x$  be one number  
other number is  $17-x$

$$\text{Product} = 72$$

$$x(17-x) = 72$$

$$17x - x^2 = 72$$

$$0 = x^2 - 17x + 72$$

$$0 = (x-8)(x-9)$$

$$x-8=0 \quad x-9=0$$

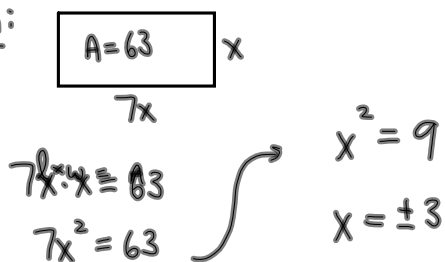
$$x=8 \quad x=9$$

If $x$ is 8		If $x$ is 9
other # is $17-8=9$		other # is $17-9=8$

So, the two #'s are 8 and 9

Ex 2: A rectangle is 7 times as long as it is wide and its area is 63. What are the dimensions?

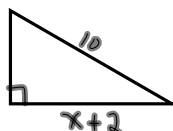
Solution:



Since  $x$  represents width  $x=3$  is solution and dimensions are 3 by 21

Ex 3: One leg of a right  $\Delta$  is 2cm longer than the other. If the hypotenuse is 10cm, how long are the legs?

Solution:



By Pythagorean Thm  
 $leg^2 + leg^2 = hyp^2$   
 $x^2 + (x+2)^2 = 10^2$

$$x^2 + (x+2)^2 = 10^2$$

$$x^2 + (x+2)(x+2) = 100$$

$$x^2 + x^2 + 2x + 2x + 4 = 100$$

$$2x^2 + 4x + 4 - 100 = 0$$

$$\frac{2x^2 + 4x - 96 = 0}{2}$$

$$x^2 + 2x - 48 = 0$$

$$(x+8)(x-6) = 0$$

$$x+8=0 \quad x-6=0$$

$$\cancel{x=-8} \quad x=6$$

side can't be neg.

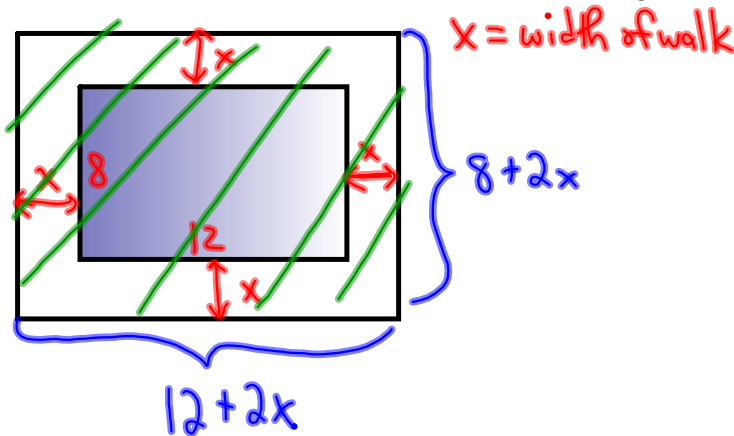
legs are  
6 cm and 8 cm

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2 consecutive integers :  $x$  and  $x+1$

Ex: A rectangular pool is 8m by 12m  
 A walkway of uniform width surrounds the pool. If the total area of the walkway and the pool is  $320\text{m}^2$ , how wide is the walkway?

Solution:



Big Rectangle:  $A = l \times w$   
 $320 = (12+2x)(8+2x)$   
 $320 = 96 + 24x + 16x + 4x^2$   
 $0 = 4x^2 + 40x + 96 - 320$

$4x^2 + 40x - 224 = 0$

$$\begin{array}{r} -56 \\ -4 \overline{) 14} \end{array}$$

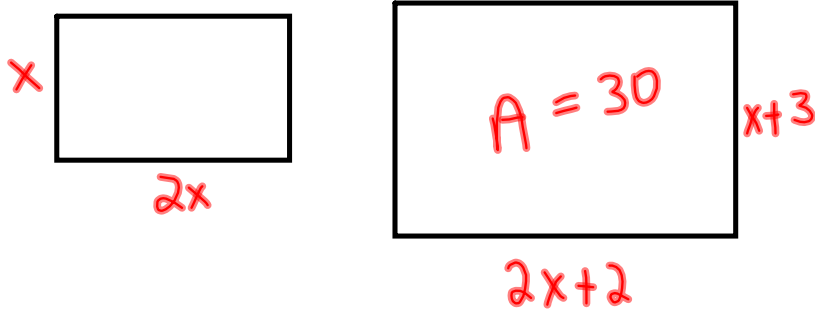
$x^2 + 10x - 56 = 0$   
 $(x - 4)(x + 14) = 0$

$x - 4 = 0$      $x + 14 = 0$   
 $x = 4$          ~~$x = -14$~~

walkway is 4m wide

walkway can't have neg. width

Ex: The length of a rectangle is twice its width. If the length is increased by 2 cm and the width by 3 cm, the area is  $30 \text{ cm}^2$ . What are the original dimensions?



$$30 = (2x+2)(x+3)$$

$$30 = 2x^2 + 6x + 2x + 6$$

$$0 = 2x^2 + 8x + 6 - 30$$

$$0 = 2x^2 + 8x - 24$$

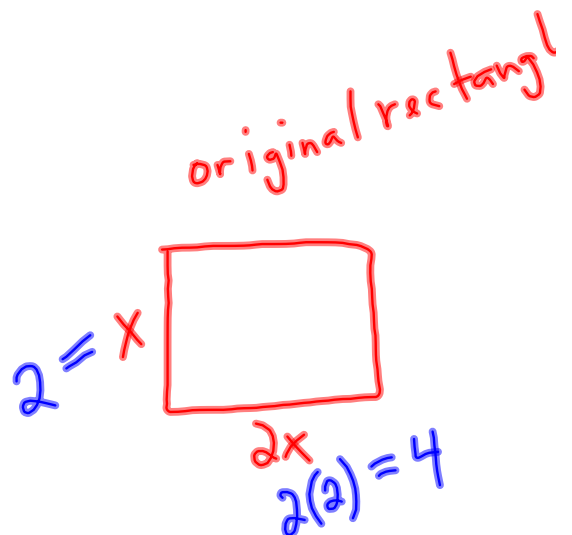
$$0 = x^2 + 4x - 12$$

$$0 = (x+6)(x-2)$$

$$x+6=0 \quad x-2=0$$

$$\cancel{x=-6} \quad \textcircled{x=2}$$

original dimensions are 2 by 4



$$h(t) = -4.9t^2 + 14t + 2$$

$$h = -4.9t^2 + 14t + 2$$

hits the ground  $\Rightarrow h = 0$

$$\text{Solve: } 0 = -4.9t^2 + 14t + 2$$

$$4.9t^2 - 14t - 2 = 0$$

$$t = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$$

$$\begin{aligned} a &= 4.9 \\ b &= -14 \\ c &= -2 \end{aligned}$$

$$t = \frac{-(-14) \pm \sqrt{(-14)^2 - 4(4.9)(-2)}}{2(4.9)}$$

$$t = \frac{14 \pm \sqrt{196 + 39.2}}{9.8}$$

$$t = \frac{14 \pm 15.3}{9.8}$$

$$t = \frac{14 + 15.3}{9.8} = 2.99 = 3.0$$

$$t = \frac{14 \pm \sqrt{235.2}}{9.8}$$

$$t = \frac{14 - 15.3}{9.8} = -$$
